



FAO



## INTRODUCTION

After all the delegations finished exposing on the moderated concourse, the committee continued with the production of working paper one, in which the delegates were divided into two blocks; block A was made up of the majority of the delegations, besides, the heads of blocks were the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Russian Federation. Block B was made up of the head of the block that comprised the delegations of Germany, the United Kingdom, and the United States, and the remaining delegations were the Republic of Chile, the Argentine Republic, the Republic of Haiti, New Zealand, and the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

## MODEL DEVELOPMENT

Afterward, the delegation of New Zealand proposed a motion to present the working papers A and B. The delegations of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and the Russian Federation presented working paper 1.1.1 (block A) with the idea of making a treaty to offer economic help to the countries that do not have enough economic resources for the use of nuclear techniques, although it had some specifications, so not all the countries could have this economic help, only the countries that needed it. Then the delegate of Brazil suggested a motion to vote for the working paper 1.1.1, with 20 votes in favor and 10 against. The delegations of Germany and the United Kingdom presented working paper 1.1.2 (block B), which had a similar idea as block A, nevertheless, it did not have the specifications for the treaty, so all the countries that would like help could have it. After all the delegations finished voting, the delegate of the Arab Republic of Egypt proposed a motion to vote for the working paper 1.1.2, with 20 votes against and 10 in favor, so the paper did not pass. Afterward, the voting process finished, and a moderated concourse for topic B started. Where the delegates that had the best intervention were the Russian Federation, which talked about how the violence in Haiti was caused by the instability and bad organization of the government, therefore, the UN should not intervene because it is an internal problem. However, some delegations, such as the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, argued that there would be no reason to not give help to Haiti and that the delegation would help the delegation of Haiti if it were not for the economic issues that the delegation of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela faced. The delegations of China and the Arab Republic of Egypt exposed a presentation explaining some solutions to topic B, one of them was to make elections to change the president of Haiti for the instability and the issues of the government to be solved. Although the delegation of Haiti added that there could not be a change in power because the armed groups would not let them, the only solution would be for the military force to improve. The delegation of the Mexican States exposed a presentation talking about the possible solutions for the Haiti problem; some of these were military help, humanitarian aid, and paying attention to where the monetary resources are going.



## CLOSURE

At the end of the first day, the delegation of the Russian Federation stated that he agreed on helping Haiti, but not on military resources since all these years they have tried to solve it using violence, however, it has not worked, so the delegations need to find a more peaceful solution. Finally, United States made an intervention exposing a presentation with the solution of give military support and the government restructuring of Haiti.